**Paycheck Protection Program FAQs for Small Businesses**

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[Paycheck Protection Program FAQs for Small Businesses](https://www.sbc.senate.gov/public/index.cfm/pressreleases?ID=6B9C2264-954B-48FF-A9EC-B91466008B37)

*Prepared by the Senate Small Business Committee*

**Where can I apply for the Paycheck Protection Program?**

You can apply for the Paycheck Protection Program (PPP) at any lending institution that is approved to participate in the program through the existing U.S. Small Business Administration (SBA) 7(a) lending program and additional lenders approved by the Department of Treasury. This could be the bank you already use, or a nearby bank. There are thousands of banks that already participate in the SBA’s lending programs, including numerous community banks. You do not have to visit any government institution to apply for the program. You can call your bank or find SBA-approved lenders in your area through SBA’s online [Lender Match](https://www.sba.gov/funding-programs/loans/lender-match)tool. You can call your local [Small Business Development Center](https://www.sba.gov/tools/local-assistance/sbdc/)or [Women’s Business Center](https://www.sba.gov/local-assistance/find/?type=Women%27s%20Business%20Center&amp;pageNumber=1)and they will provide free assistance and guide you to lenders.

**Who is eligible for the loan?**

You are eligible for a loan if you are a small business that employs 500 employees or fewer, or if your business is in an industry that has an [*employee*-based size standard through SBA](https://www.sba.gov/document/support--table-size-standards)that is higher than 500 employees. In addition, if you are a restaurant, hotel, or a business that falls within the North American Industry Classification System (NAICS) code 72, “Accommodation and Food Services,” and each of your locations has 500 employees or fewer, you are eligible. Tribal businesses, 501(c)(19) veteran organizations, and 501(c)(3) nonprofits, including religious organizations, will be eligible for the program. Nonprofit organizations are subject to [SBA’s](https://www.sba.gov/sites/default/files/affiliation_discussion_0.pdf) [affiliation standards](https://www.sba.gov/sites/default/files/affiliation_discussion_0.pdf). Independently owned franchises with under 500 employees, who are approved by SBA, are also eligible. Eligible franchises can be found through [SBA’s Franchise](https://www.sba.gov/document/support--sba-franchise-directory) [Directory](https://www.sba.gov/document/support--sba-franchise-directory).

**I am an independent contractor or gig economy worker, am I eligible?**

Yes. Sole proprietors, independent contractors, gig economy workers, and self-employed individuals are all eligible for the Paycheck Protection Program.

**What is the maximum amount I can borrow?**

The amount any small business is eligible to borrow is 250 percent of their average monthly payroll expenses, up to a total of $10 million. This amount is intended to cover 8 weeks of payroll expenses and any additional amounts for making payments towards debt obligations. This 8 week period may be applied to any time frame between February 15, 2020 and June 30, 2020. Seasonal business expenses will be measured using a 12-week period beginning February 15, 2019, or March 1, 2019, whichever the seasonal employer chooses.

**How can I use the money such that the loan will be forgiven?**

The amount of principal that may be forgiven is equal to the sum of expenses for payroll, and existing interest payments on mortgages, rent payments, leases, and utility service agreements. Payroll costs include employee salaries (up to an annual rate of pay of $100,000), hourly wages and cash tips, paid sick or medical leave, and group health insurance premiums. If you would like to use the Paycheck Protection Program for other business-related expenses, like inventory, you can, but that portion of the loan will not be forgiven.

**When is the loan forgiven?**

The loan is forgiven at the end of the 8-week period after you take out the loan. Borrowers will work with lenders to verify covered expenses and the proper amount of forgiveness.

**What is the covered period of the loan?**

The covered period during which expenses can be forgiven extends from February 15, 2020 to June 30, 2020. Borrowers can choose which 8 weeks they want to count towards the covered period, which can start as early as February 15, 2020.

**How much of my loan will be forgiven?**

The purpose of the Paycheck Protection Program is to help you retain your employees, at their current base pay. If you keep all of your employees, the entirety of the loan will be forgiven. If you still lay off employees, the forgiveness will be reduced by the percent decrease in the number of employees. If your total payroll expenses on workers making less than $100,000 annually decreases by more than 25 percent, loan forgiveness will be reduced by the same amount. If you have already laid off some employees, you can still be forgiven for the full amount of your payroll cost if you rehire your employees by June 30, 2020.

**Am I responsible for interest on the forgiven loan amount?**

No, if the full principal of the PPP loan is forgiven, the borrower is not responsible for the interest accrued in the 8-week covered period. The remainder of the loan that is not forgiven will operate according to the loan terms agreed upon by you and the lender.

**What are the interest rate and terms for the loan amount that is not forgiven?**

The terms of the loan not forgiven may differ on a case-by-case basis. However, the maximum terms of the loan feature a 10-year term with interest capped at 4 percent and a 100 percent loan guarantee by the SBA. You will not have to pay any fees on the loan, and collateral requirements and personal guarantees are waived. Loan payments will be deferred for at least six months and up to one year starting at the origination of the loan.

**When is the application deadline for the Paycheck Protection Program?**

Applicants are eligible to apply for the PPP loan until June 30th, 2020.

**I took out a bridge loan through my state, am I eligible to apply for the Paycheck Protection Program?**

Yes, you can take out a state bridge loan and are still be eligible for the PPP loan.

**If I have applied for, or received an Economic Injury Disaster Loan (EIDL) related to COVID- 19 before the Paycheck Protection Program became available, will I be able to refinance into a PPP loan?**

Yes. If you received an EIDL loan related to COVID-19 between January 31, 2020 and the date at which the PPP becomes available, you would be able to refinance the EIDL into the PPP for loan forgiveness purposes. However, you may not take out an EIDL and a PPP for the same purposes. Remaining portions of the EIDL, for purposes other than those laid out in loan forgiveness terms for a PPP loan, would remain a loan. If you took advantage of an emergency EIDL grant award of up to $10,000, that amount would be subtracted from the amount forgiven under PPP.

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